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**De Broglie waves, the Schrödinger equation and relativity II:
Adhered photon hypotheses**

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According to Lévy-Leblond [“Nonrelativistic Particles and Wave Equations,” Commun. math. Phys. 6, 286, (1967)], it is shown that spin is not the relativistic effect. Schrödinger formulation (i.e., dispersion relation excluding rest mass energy) shows quantum mechanics is free from relativity. Furthermore, de Broglie wave is proposed to be adhered photon.

1. Introduction

In 1928, Dirac¹ derived Dirac equation from Klein-Gordon equation which has dispersion relation including rest mass energy mc^2 . Therefore, Klein-Gordon as well as Dirac equations were considered to be relativistic. Dirac equation derived spins; thus, it was believed that spin is relativistic phenomena. I do not consider it is the case.

In 1967, Lévy-Leblond² derived nonrelativistic Dirac equations from Schrödinger equation. Lévy-Leblond made linearization of the Schrödinger equation describing that “We shall now derive such a wave equation, which will turn out to describe spin 1/2 particles, using the heuristic idea that DIRAC applied so successfully in RQM;” where, linearization means transforming the second order space differential equation into a first order space differential equation using matrix.

Sidharth³ noted that Dirac unite special relativity and quantum theory through his Dirac equation, and proposed the reverse way: how to

derive special relativity from quantum theory. It is interesting; however, I do not consider it is the case. This is because from Lévy-Leblond equation, special relativity cannot be derived.

In this short note, we show from spin derivation by Lévy-Leblond that spin is not the relativistic effect. Adhered photon hypothesis is proposed to visualize de Broglie wave.

2. Exclusion of rest mass energy

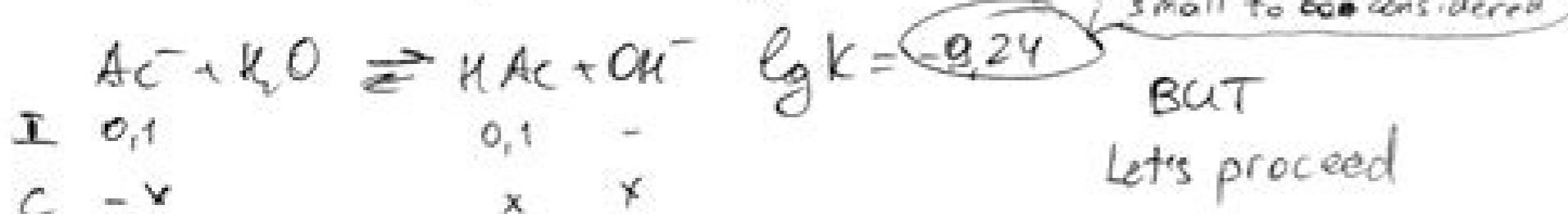
2.1 Schrödinger equation and de Broglie wave⁴

In his doctoral thesis, de Broglie⁵ noted that kinetic energy E_K is the difference between the relativistic energy γmc^2 and the rest mass energy mc^2 (γ is the Lorentz factor, m is the rest mass, and c is the speed of light).

$$E_K = (\gamma - 1)mc^2. \quad (1)$$

De Broglie represented both the wave energy and rest mass energy, while Schrödinger used only the kinetic energy in equation (1). Schrödinger used $E=p^2/2m$ and not $E=p^2/2m+mc^2$, which is the difference between de Broglie waves and the Schrödinger equation.

1



BUT
Let's proceed



$$K = \frac{[\text{OH}^-][\text{HAc}]}{[\text{Ac}^-]} = \frac{x(0,1+x)}{0,1-x} = 10^{-9,24}$$

$$x^2 + 0,1x = 10^{-9,24}(0,1-x)$$

$$x^2 + 0,1x = 10^{-10,24} - 10^{-9,24}x$$

$$x^2 + (0,1x + 10^{-9,24}x) - 10^{-10,24} = 0$$

$$D = b^2 - 4ac = (0,1 + 10^{-9,24})^2 + 4 \cdot 10^{-10,24} =$$

$$= 0,0100000015088 + 2,30176 \cdot 10^{-10} =$$

$$= (0,1000000172632)^2$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{D}}{2} = \frac{-(0,1 + 10^{-9,24}) + 0,1000000172632}{2} =$$

$$= 5,7544 \cdot 10^{-10}$$

ACETANILIDA: SOLVENT-FREE GREEN SYNTHESIS. We describe herein a solvent-free synthesis of acetanilida developed in the context of green chemistry. The synthesis approach consisted of the reaction of aniline with acetic anhydride without additives, which was performed at a higher temperature than previously described for the undergraduate experiment. The E Factor was 0.6 by experienced chemists and 0.9 by students.

Keywords: green chemistry; acetanilide; aniline; undergraduate organic chemistry experiment; solventless reaction.

INTRODUÇÃO

Algumas substâncias orgânicas são emblemáticas na formação química. Unas por seu emprego recente na exploração de aspectos tóxicos, como o ácido actívo e o benzeno; outras por, inversamente, terem sido usadas durante séculos, como o ácido acetálico e a acetanilida. Não é exagero afirmar que, desde a segunda metade do século XX, todo organómero envolvendo a acetanilida tem sido obtido a partir de anilina e ácido acetílico.

Figura 1 apresenta a folha de rosto de um caderno de laboratório típico de graduando, descrevendo a sua preparação, anterior à descrição do componente de síntese acetanilida da Química Verde.^{1,2}

Um exemplo de preparação de acetanilida é:

A síntese de acetanilida é, portanto, um exemplo clássico inserido na prática como molécula alvo. Exemplo 1.^{1,2} Aplicações

como intermediário sintético em mini-projetos de síntese são comuns,^{1,2,3} mas é importante também ressaltar como padrão de referência para a síntese de compostos orgânicos e para a síntese de substâncias orgânicas e analíticas, de aplicações de análise térmica.³

Para exemplificar a estabilidade da acetanilida como padrão para a síntese de compostos orgânicos, é interessante citar uma amostra original, sintetizada há mais de 40 anos, ainda em uso.

É curiosa a trajetória da acetanilida no mundo da Química. A síntese de acetanilida é mencionada no texto de Gatterman,⁴ não consta sua preparação. O mesmo ocorre no livro recente de Parra e colaboradores.⁵ Nos demais textos consultados,^{1,2} predomina a descrição da síntese anilina/acetílico, com a presença de ácido acético e ácido clorídrico, que é um procedimento desfavorável na avaliação do Fator E quando comparado com o método que emprega água como solvente (1,7 versus 0,7, respectivamente).⁶

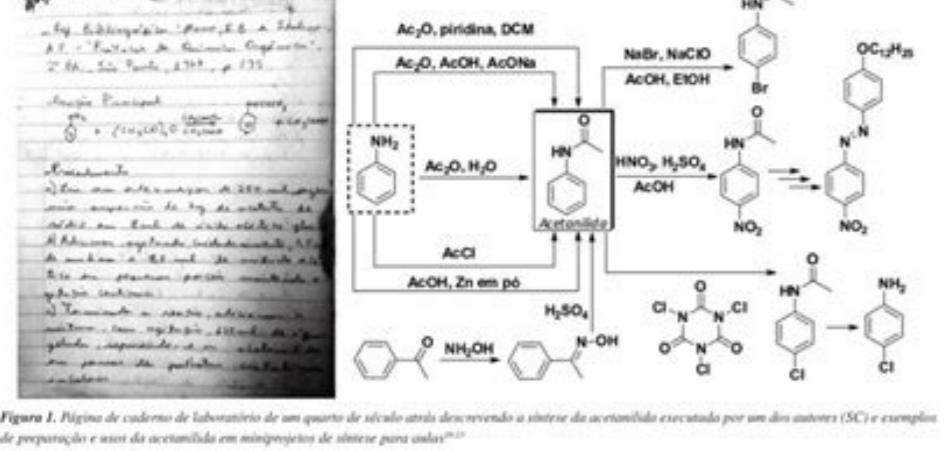


Figura 1. Página de caderno de laboratório de um quarto de século descritiva a síntese de acetanilida executada por um dos autores (SC) e exemplo de preparação e uso da acetanilida em mini-projetos de síntese para alunos.^{1,2}

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Free electron theory

The kinetic energy is given by

$$E = \frac{\hbar^2 n^2}{8\pi^2}$$

Where-

h= Planck's constant,

n= Principle quantum no.

m= Mass of free electron

l= Length of the solid.

Where -

$l = \pm \pi n / k$

where

k = the wave number.

this eq. is true in the case of

continuous flow of electrons.

A plot between kinetic energy E_k and

wave no. $k = 2\pi/l$ De-Broglie's wavelength

λ =De-Broglie's wavelength

Waves dispersed over a wide region and not confined.

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Chemistry/Physics tutorials as well. Equation (8) is same as equation (1).

Hence, the wavelength = $(\lambda) = \frac{h}{mv}$

Now, for converting moles to numbers, we have to divide the atomic mass of Argon by Avogadro's number, so the equation becomes: $(\lambda) = \frac{h}{(6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}) \times (1.6022 \times 10^{19} \text{ C}) \times (3.9 \times 10^{-34} \text{ kg m}^2 \text{ s}^{-3})} = 0.0399 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m} = 39.9 \times 10^{12} \text{ nm} = 39.9 \text{ pm}$.

de Broglie wavelength (λ) of electrons can be calculated from Planck's constant h divided by

the momentum of the particle So, according to de Broglie, every object has a dual nature- a particle and a wave nature whose wavelength is given by $(\lambda) = \frac{h}{mv}$ where m is the mass of the particle, v is the velocity of the particles and h is the Planck's constant. The wave nature

is predominant in particles of small mass like electrons and negligible in bodies of large masses. This wave length and velocity are related by the following mathematical equation $\lambda = h/p$

Where h is the Planck's constant and p is the momentum of the moving particle. If we consider it to be a wave of frequency n , its energy is given by $E = hn$

If we now consider it as a particle of mass m , its energy is given by $E = mc^2$

From equation (3) and (4), we get $hn = mc^2$

As the photon travels in free space with velocity of light c , its momentum p is given by $P = mass \cdot velocity = mc$

On dividing equation (5) by (6), we get $[c = v] = Frequency \cdot wave length$

de Broglie assumed that the above relation holds good for material particles like electrons, and hence for electrons eq. Application of the de-Broglie's relationship to a moving electron around a nucleus puts some restrictions on the size of orbits. The wavelength of material waves is also known as the de Broglie wavelength. The French physicist Louis de Broglie made a bold assertion in 1923.

De broglie wavelength formula calculator. De broglie's wave equation calculator. De broglie wavelength equation calculator. De broglie's equation calculator.

Explore more from General Science here. Loading PreviewSorry, preview is currently unavailable. According to de Broglie, an electron of mass 'm' moving with a velocity 'v' should be associated with a wave having wave length (λ). (7) becomes as ... (8) Where m is the mass, v the velocity, l the wave length and p the momentum of an electron. From equation (8), we get $l = h/mv$... (10) Substituting the value of l in equation (9), we get or ... (11) Which is the same as Bohr's second postulate. Expert online chemistry tutors at Assignmenthelp.net provide all sorts of help regarding your problems in chemistry(de-broglie's hypothesis, atomic structure) through e-mail and live chat. So, g is converted to kg. Equation is known as de Broglie relationship and can be written as or $mv = \hbar/\lambda$... (2) Equation (2) is another form of de Broglie relationship and this can be stated in words as "The momentum of a moving particle is inversely proportional to the wave-length of the waves associated with it." Let us first consider the case of a photon. Thank you very much for your cooperation, in pm. If the circumference is bigger or smaller than the value as given by equation (11), it means that the wave is not in the phase as shown in figure(2). Answer (Detailed Solution Below) 39.6 - 40.5 Free 10 Questions 16 Marks 30 Mins Explanation: de Broglie wavelength of electrons: Louis de Broglie theorized that not only light possesses both wave and particle properties, but rather particles with mass - such as electrons - do as well, i.e. matter has dual nature. Learn now! India's #1 Learning Platform Start Complete Exam Preparation Daily Live MasterClasses Practice Question Bank Mock Tests & Quizzes Get Started for Free Download App Trusted by 2,78,48,510+ Students In order to continue enjoying our site, we ask that you confirm your identity as a human. It means that electron is not a mass particle moving in a circular path but instead a standing wave train (non-energy, radiating motion) extending around the nucleus in the circular path as shown below: For the wave to remain continually in phase, the circumference of the orbit should be an integral multiple of wavelength i.e., $2\pi r = nl$... (9) Where r is the radius of the orbit and n is a whole number. Thus, de-Broglie relation provides a theoretical basis for the Bohr's second postulate. Calculation: Given: The speed of Argon atom = 250 m s⁻¹ h = 6.626 × 10⁻³⁴ kg m² s⁻¹ Mass of Argon = 40 amu = 40 g/mol The wavelength of argon =? Let's discuss the concepts related to Chemistry and Structure of Atom. From equation (11) it follows that "Electron can move only in such orbits for which the angular momentum must be an integral multiple of $h/2\pi$. Hence, the wavelength of the argon atom is 39.9 pm. Waves are dispersed over a wide region and not confined. To schedule a Chemistry (De-Broglie's Hypothesis) tutoring session Live chat To submit Chemistry Courses Click here Following are some of the topics in Chemistry (Atomic Structure, De-Broglie's Hypothesis) in which we provide assignment/help/homework help: NOTE: We have to find the wavelength in picometers, so we have to convert everything into the same units before calculation. Assignmenthelp.net's Services - ready to help students around the clock (24/7 technical support) Live Supports by Phone, Chat or E-mail (support@assignmenthelp.net). You can download the paper by clicking the button above. Considering Einstein's relationship of Chemistry/Physics tutorials as well. Equation (8) is same as equation (1). Hence, the wavelength = $(\lambda) = \frac{h}{mv}$

This wavelength is called the de Broglie wavelength. The assignments, we provide is plagiarism free and offer free download facility of Chemistry/Physics tutorials as well. Equation (8) is same as equation (1). Hence, the wavelength = $(\lambda) = \frac{h}{mv}$

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